



## **Age Wise Social Impact of COVID-19: Covering All Aspects of Life**

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### **Authors' contributions**

*This work was carried out in collaboration between both authors. Both authors read and approved the final manuscript.*

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### **ABSTRACT**

The Coronavirus infection has drastically modified and converted the lives of innumerable members of the general population and has affected every aspect of life in significant way. Worldwide closure and precautionary procedure and actions have separated the humans, counterfeited the world wealth, and restricted access to physical and psychological medical management. These precautions may be compulsory to keep down the unroll of the infection, the gloomy effects of physical, mental, and communal aspects are noticeable. The COVID19 infection has dramatically modified the lives of countless members of the overall population, significantly affecting all aspects of life. This study aims to analyse existing research on the consequences of the COVID19 pandemic and canopy the wide-ranging effects of the pandemic on one platform. This study aims to review the existing research on the wide-ranging impact of pandemic onto one platform under four categories- children, youth, adults and older people for the future uses. Issues covered under these categories are given below:-

- Impact on children- This study will cover matters such as child sexual abuse, effect on people with disability, effect on routine immunizations and a child's perspective towards illness.
- Impact on youth- This study will cover matters like online learning difficulties and learning loss, effect on sports, and technological impact.
- Impact on adults- This study will cover issues such as increased rate of unemployment, divorce, Effect on sexual life and parenting difficulties.

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- Impact on older people- This study will cover concerns like loneliness, age discrimination, decreased social life and social interactions, difficulties in accessing technological services, sleep disturbances, decreased exercise, and fear of death.

*Keywords: COVID-19; social; impact; life; pandemic.*

## 1. INTRODUCTION

Humans are fronting a worldwide health catastrophe unparalleled in the past of the earth's last 100 years, which is lethal to humans, unrolling of human bearing and converting human's lives. This is not just a health sector catastrophe but it has more wide-ranging effect. This is a human, economic and communal disaster. The coronavirus infection, classified as a pandemic by the international Health Organizations, it disturbs community's fundamental principles [1]. The United Nations Department of Economic and Social Affairs (DESA) is an introducer of sustainable development and is the institution for the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs), in which everyone target discover its position and every human can make their part to ensure that every human being gets access to their rights. UN DESA notices national and global socio-economic shift with the help of the Department for Inclusive Social Development (DISD), recognises new difficulties and assesses their impact on national and international communal policy [2]. This organisation represents a foremost data based opinions of people to promote community inclusion, decrease disproportion, and eliminate poverty. The COVID19 infection effects all communal groups and is principally destroying to members of these communal groups in the most endangered circumstances. Starting indications proposes that the wellbeing and economic effects of the infection are out of proportion for the low income households. For example, people without home are more at higher endangered of being infected by the virus because they may not be able to come up with a safe haven. Even humans without excess to good purified water, refugees, migrants, or disabled humans suffer out of proportion from the coronavirus infection and its repercussions, be it from confined freedom of movement, unemployment, extension of xenophobia, etc. inequality in the upcoming months as well as in many upcoming years, grows disbaring, intolerance and global job losses. Comprehensive and global communal protection systems, where they exist, take part as a very permanent role in protecting workers

and reducing the prevalence of poverty, as they operate as preprogramed counter balancer. This means that this organisation guarantee minimum economic security at every day of the year and thus strengthen humans' ability to cope with and get better of the crises. The COVID19 infection has dramatically modified the lives of countless members of the overall population, significantly affecting all aspects of life [3].

## 2. IMPACT ON CHILDREN

The COVID19 infection has submerged the earth and our country has also suffered the impact. The spread was so great that the international Health Organizations had to declare it as a pandemic. The solitary method to manage and beat this gigantic catastrophe was to get humans to observe communal distancing and prevent them from operating and to keep away from communal connections. To successfully pull off this goal, the whole nation had to be closed down and all movements ceased with limited people interconnection. Therefore, the whole nation inevitably has to shut down. In this context, the Indian government began to take a firm stance against this catastrophe in mid of March. In the end of the March, India sealed all state and international borders. Starting on March twenty second, the entire country will be in a lockdown phase, which has now been expanded until May third twenty twenty. The bunch supported the governments throughout this shutdown and there has been a huge reaction across the nation. However, there are irregularity that present a opposition. While almost 95 percent of citizens are cooperating, the rest are jeopardizing actions and steps to contain this infection and are accountable for the fall down of the entire system.

India as a rustic has completed almost 2 months of nationwide lockdown, with varying degrees of intensity, of course. the consequences of COVID19 on the kid population are diverse. Children are equally exposed to the consequences of the coronavirus and subsequent confinement. COVID19 has put lives and livelihoods in danger. Although children are significantly less affected than adults

whole number and seriousness, they're highly endangered to the non-health effects of this infection. Topics covered here are child sexual assault, effects on people with disabilities, effects of routine vaccinations, and a child's perspective on the disease

### **3. CHILD SEXUAL ABUSE**

A recent study from the Aarambh Initiative India from the NGO Prerana and therefore the ADM Capital Foundation established that the lockdown due to the novel coronavirus outbreak has considerably exacerbated the plight of the household of the many child sexual assault survivors in Mumbai [4]. The NGO interviewed many households with which it's currently connected, many of them from disadvantaged parts of society. Researchers believe that the challenges of dealing with the results of kid sexual assault for several households are compounded by sudden reduction of income and absence of social support. an epidemic within an epidemic The noiseless pandemic of kid sexual assault may be a reality. Volunteer of the kid Line India Foundation (CIF) reported that within the 10 days after the shutdown between March 20 and March 31, the amount of calls to three lakh had increased by 50% in contrast to two lakh [5]. It had been found that since a notable number of offenders, particularly incest, sexual participation in children is circumstantial and occurs because of life stresses, confinement was an ideal setting for a growth in sexual assault. Furthermore, self-quarantine reception means being in constant and shut presence to the aggressor; which may be very emotionally distressing [6].

### **4. IMPACT ON PEOPLE WITH DISABILITIES**

The Department for the Empowerment of individuals with Disabilities (under the Ministry of Social Justice and Welfare) recently issued extensive guidelines for the safeguarding and safety of individuals with disabilities Disabilities released during COVID19 [7]. Lack of aid for distance education services, openly or reception, is mentioned. To facilitate children's online learning, there's no mention of what percentage exceptional children would benefit or how successful these programs would be in meeting their exact needs [8]. An epidemic that needs social distancing and quarantine has

increased complexity for guardians of youngsters with disabilities. These children, wont to organized timetable and learning environments need to handle with the change.

### **5. EFFECT ON REGULAR IMMUNIZATIONS**

The Ebola epidemic has had a couple of learning moment for we concerning the consequences on regular immunization programmes and its effect. Immunization inclusion reduced quite twentyfive percentage throughout the infections of Ebola in West Africa during few years back as health system was disordering during the measures to suppress the epidemic [9]. Consistent with the UNICEF report, while about few thousand people died of Ebola outbreak within the Democratic Republic of Congo, almost for thousand people died of measles during last year as immunization services were damaged [10]. The Ministry of home affairs, Government of India guidelines dated April 15, 2020 stated that crucial medical services had to be keep going during the lockdown and it incorporated immunization as a crucial medical service [11]. There is a particular depletion within the conveyance of the universal

### **6. CHILD'S PERSPECTIVE TOWARDS ILLNESS**

Depending on their age and stage of development, children have diverse perspectives on the sickness [12]. It is important for youngsters to grasp what is happening to minimise the harm that this scenario may bring them. Several studies have checked out children's ability to regulate their well-being and develop resilience within the face of adversity [13]. Children that are resilient are more confident, interested, and ready to suits new situations, and that they have stronger skills to succeed in bent the remainder of the planet. Through the participation of their families, the goal should be to encourage their balance and resilience, which can also help to enhance their health and well-being.

### **7. IMPACT ON YOUTH**

Many governments have urged children to face up for themselves and promote the self-defence and public good. Children also can help the foremost vulnerable and promote

public health awareness campaigns in their neighbourhood. Therefore, children are important to scale back the escalation of the infection and its effect on the health of community, community and therefore the economy as an entire [14]. The problems addressed here are online learning difficulties and learning loss, the impact on sport, and therefore the impact of technology. The epidemic has had an effect at the complete meals chain, exposing its vulnerability. Farmers and agricultural people were not able to get right of entry to markets, consisting of to gather inputs and promote their goods, because of border closures, exchange restrictions, and confinement measures, disrupting home and global meals deliver chains and restricting get right of entry toto nutritious, safe, and various meals. The pandemic has worn out jobs and positioned hundreds of thousands of people's lives in jeopardy. Millions of women and men's meals safety and nutrients are jeopardised as breadwinners lose jobs, develop ill, and die, with the ones in low-profits countries, especially the maximum disadvantaged, being maximum vulnerable. Populations, which include small-scale farmers and indigenous peoples, being hardest hit.

## **8. ONLINE LEARNING DISORDER AND LEARNING LOSS**

Moving to online reading on a scale is extremely difficult because it is extremely difficult even within the most advanced situations [15]. Some countries have prepared for an e-learning program and are rapidly following these efforts to raised answer current conditions [16] to make sure continuous learning during school closures, nations have initiated a wide spread of distance teaching and learning methods. Despite immediate action throughout the region, school closures and inefficient distance learning systems will end in loss of learning and a bigger gap in civil right.

## **9. OUTCOME OF SPORT**

Sport contributes significantly to economic and community advancement. The worldwide value to the sports industry is evaluated at almost 1000 billion dollars annually. The worldwide outbreak of COVID19 has led to the closure of the gym, stadium, swimming bath, floor and playgrounds. As a result, most of the people are unable to actively participate in individual and team sports or leave their home. In such circumstances,

numerous be inclined to be less active and spend longer ahead of the screen, abnormal sleep patterns, and a poorer diet, all of which cause weight growth and decline [17]. Low earning households are at greater risk of suffering the negative effects of incarceration, as they often have low-income housing and tightly closed spaces that make physical activity difficult. absence of gettable facility to physical activity also can have psychological state implications, which may include the strain or anxiousness that a lot of experience once they are separated from usual sociable life. The possible losing of family or friends as results of the infection and therefore the effects of the virus on an individual's financial well-being and to get nutritious food will only compound those effects. The COVID19 epidemic has had and can still have far-reaching effects on the planet of sport and therefore the physical and psychological state of individuals round the world. This study aims to assist the cautious beginning of sporting events and tournaments after the epidemic, also as increasing the advantages of sport and physical activity well into the COVID19 era and farther on [18].

Impact on technology: The Covid19 epidemic has resulted in an unavoidable expansion and growth within the use of digital technologies across the country thanks to social isolation and confinement practices. Humans and corporations round the world need to adapt to fresh methods of employment and living [19]. During this study, we examine the positives and negatives of digital blasts during a plague. Positive impact technology enables people to remain in-tuned with friends in new ways, from cheerful time with friends to spiritual services. Visual meetings provide an area for meaningful personal connection. Therefore, technology during a ban can take part as a crucial role in promoting the thought of communal help, which may also act as an antidote to the negative effects of social compulsion. which may cause depression, anxiety and lots of other health problems [20].

## **10. THE IMPACT OF ADULTS**

Adults are under enormous pressure during the epidemic and are suffering from the epidemic in every way, be it physical, psychological, economic and psychological. the problems listed here include rising unemployment, divorce, effects on sexual health, and difficulty in parenting.

## 11. UNEMPLOYMENT

It's documented that the majority countries COVID19 [21]. The economic collapse of the COVID19 epidemic resulted in unprecedented job losses that severely reduced mental well-being [22].

## 12. DIVORCE

The divorce rate is increasing worldwide [23]. The sole possible explanation for this increase is that many households had to pass their time in conjunction after closing, something many weren't conscious during this situation, that they had to affect difficult situations that resulted in financial instability, tension and other events that they missed thanks to occupation and work activities. In many households, increased family disputes are likely to steer to divorce cases in many places [24].

## 13. IMPACT ON SEXUAL HEALTH

The epidemic has taken an enormous toll on people's sexual health [25]. The results showed a reduction in sexual intercourse during the analysis period, suggesting an impression on the standard of sexual health within the population [26]. The sole possible explanation for this effect is that the curls are held together more tightly, leading to a decrease in concupiscence.

## 14. THE DIFFICULTIES OF PARENTING

When parents break away people, they are under great pressure. you've got to stabilize your private life, occupation and parenting. this example increases the danger of oldsters having complications which will limit their capacity to become caretaker. the shortage of support these youngsters get at such a burdensome time could also be the explanation for their mental health [27-31].

## 15. EFFECTS ON THE ELDERLY

Elderly humans are at increased risk for infections, particularly such with chronic conditions like hypertension, heart diseases and diabetes mellitus patients. Not only do older people face significant well being risks, they even have less energy to eat. The literature propose that older humans are a diverse group, which could explain the inconsistent findings. Individual, corporation, and institutional initiatives should be

developed to assure that older persons might keep up social connections, family ties, and the capacity to provide and receive support throughout the ongoing pandemic. Future researches should focus on the special requirements and consequence of more vulnerable older persons in order to ensure their incorporation in public health recommendations and policy considerations. This category addressed a series of issues like loneliness, age discrimination, deterioration publicly health and social interactions, difficulty in accessing technical services, insomnia, decreased physical activity, and fear of death [32-35].

## 16. CONCLUSION

The COVID19 infection has dramatically converted the lives of countless members of the overall population, significantly affecting all aspects of life. This study aims to analyse existing research on the consequences of the COVID19 infection and canopy the wide-ranging effects of the pandemic on one platform. This research are often wont to assess the damage caused by Covid19, so measures are often taken to limit the consequences of Covid19 in humans.

## CONSENT

It is not applicable.

## ETHICAL APPROVAL

It is not applicable.

## COMPETING INTERESTS

Authors have declared that no competing interests exist.

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